

1. Peter Romanov- Russian czar aka "Peter the Great"; forced cruel and harsh things onto people like hangings on gallows outside the Cremlins-Congress of Russia; had ideas to modernize and westernize Russia bc 1)realized had to catch up to rest of Europe in cultures and technology 2)he was defeated by the Turks and the rest of the Ottoman Empire at Azov bc they had more advanced weapons 3)95 percent o Russia were peasants so they had poor economy needed to advance greatly
2. Peter's Reforms-1)brought church under state control 2)built up Russian industry 3)started 1st newspaper in Russia 4)built new schools 5)modernized calender 6)promoted officials to high positions based on their services not their social status
3. Russia influenced greatly culturally by the Mongols, western civilization (Byzantine Empire), Cyrillic alphabet, and Eastern Orthodox religion not Roman Catholic
4. Russia also influenced geographically bc 1)it was landlocked 2)blocked to the northwest by Sweden, Poland, and the Baltic Sea 3)blocked to the southwest by Turkey, the Ottoman Empire, and the Black Sea 4)frozen Arctic Ocean blocked to the north 5)none of the Russian rivers flowed into any imptr rivers, seas, or oceans
5. Peter disguised himself as peasant and visited Western Europe mainly the Netherlands, who was going through Age of Exploration and had a Navy consisting of over 4,000 ships, to find out more information about ship building to improve Russian water trade, port system, and become a shipbuilder himself
6. Peter fought with Charles 12 of Sweden but he was defeated at 1st but when the Swedish left to fight with Poland Peter took advantage and went on to ultimately win the battle, conquer the Baltic, and build St Petersburg- many Dutch cities were build on dams and on seas so Peter wanted to build his own but doing so killed many ppl
7. "I am a Pupil and Need to be Taught"- famous seal Peter wore which meant he was always interested and determined to learn more no matter how much he knew
8. Alexis- Peter's son was given choice to be a monk or czar and decided neither so he fled to Vienna, Austria; he was caught by Peter and he conspired to destroy the entire Russian fleet so he was tortured and then hung and killed on the gallows
9. Nov 1724-Peter suffered from disease and he attempted t save his sailors at sea but he caught a clod leading to infectious fever and died on Jan 1725 from comma
10. Why was given the name "Great" and by whom (foreigners, wealthy Russians, commoners, historians)? expanded Russia westernization, modernization and most important opened Russia's "window" to western civilization
11. Enlightenment-people have rights to be happy, rational and free;believed in liberty, natural rights, and reason to progress and improve; began as a result of Scientific Revolution where used reason and logic to prove physicality now applied to society
12. Thomas Hobes- 1)believed in a state of nature where people are cruel evil and selfish so you need an absolute monarch to maintain order like he wrote in his book the Leviathon 2)Social Contract-people must give up some of their freedoms in return for peace, safety, and order form the government like a 2 way street
13. John Locke-1)people by nature are free and unless they give their consent their right can't be taken from them 2)people are free, equal, and independent and 3)people have natural rights and when they decided to live in the country they gave "consent" to abide by the laws 4)purpose of government is to serve people and protect their natural rights of life, liberty, and property and if gvmnt takes advantage people have right to overthrow and begin new gvmnt
14. Mantesque- 1)believed in separation of power in the gvmnt- checks and balances, in order to avoid unbalance within 1 branch 2)unlike American voting where people vote for legislative and executive separately believed that people vote for parliament who elect head

15. Rousseau-1)all men born free but really in chains bc born good but are affected by society 2)only general will- majority who believe in idea will influence how it is carried out 3)believed in popular sovereignty- people control power like in democracy and they create government
16. Voltaire- 1)freedom of speech and press and no one could neglect these rights 2)freedom of religion and religious toleration within Christians no Jews forced to flee went against Church
17. Ways leading to spread of the Enlightenment: 1)salons- informal gatherings by middle class discussing books and articles 2)pamphlets-portable paper like documents ex. 46 Pages on Common Sense by Thomas Payne 3)Encyclopedia- collection of articles on sciences, arts, reason, and jobs; no longer spread articles about gods Roi and Deu but now about society
18. Diderot-French philosopher made 35 page encyclopedia but was banned by church and legal system who tried to stop publication but he completed in secret and changed way ppl felt and thought towards accepting ideas using logic and reason
19. Ben Franklin-cultural diffusion to America when came to France and brought back Enlightenment ideas which they used in the Declaration of Independence and Constitution
20. Thomas Jefferson took ideas of Enlightenment and put in Declaration of Independence: 1)unalienable rights 2)life, liberty, pursuit of happiness 3)ppl elect gvmnt 4)give consent
21. Wolstonecraft-thought women have equal rights to men 1st feminist and wrote book called Vindication of Rights of Women argued against Rousseau who degraded women to men
22. Frederick Great of Prussia-student of Voltaire was Enlightened Despot-was an autocrat and an absolutist despite taking some of Enlightened ideas and applying to his country
23. King's powers-issue laws, levy taxes, appoint officials, imprison offenders, make wars bc he was autocrat (self ruler) but Louis XIV abused his pwr bc he would jail anyone he felt like using letters de cachet-paper imprisoning so and so; corvee-peasants worked w/out pay
24. Ancien regime-social or political structure called Old Order with king and 3 estates beneath
25. 3 Estates- 1)1st Estate- made up of Roman Catholic clergy including Bishops, Cardinals, and Priests had no government jobs and paid no taxes 2)2nd Estate-nobility who paid few taxes but only they could have military or government positions 3)3rd Estate- 3 sections the bourgeoise-city dwelling professionals with little influence on gvmnt; san cullottes-workers who often hungry bc had no work; peasants farmed for nobles payed rents and fees
26. tallies-tithe taxes the 3rd estates owed
27. Inflation-prices of things higher the usual bc the debt and expenses in France exceeded the revenue(amount take in) so had a deficit of 126 million; also parties in Palace Versailles debt
28. Madam Deficit-nickname for Marie Antoinette bc constantly spent money on hair and clothes
29. Abby Sieyer-clergy who felt bad for 3rd estate bc they were poor and lacked order
30. Estates General-called by the people bc wanted reform, new voting process, and less taxes but system doesn't work bc each estate only had 1 vote so peasants always outnumber 2:1 by the 1st and 2nd estates
31. Cahier-notebook where peasants wrote all their complaints and requests but king ignored it
32. "Tennis Court Oath"- after king closed doors to estates general they decided to meet on their sports courts and change name to National Assembly; they armed themselves and on July 14, 1789 stormed Bastille-king's jail but they didn't free the prisoners that wasn't their objective the wanted to symbolize that 1)king pwr diminished 2)not going to be pushed around anymore 3)want reform and meant business
33. Summer of Great Fear-summer of 1789 chaos, robberies. arson(burning) so king brought in troops to punish and massacre 3rd estate and peasants
34. Jean Paul Marat-wanted to put Marie Antoinette in jail for treason
35. Liberte Egalate Frataenate-ppl want freedom, equality, and unity or else death bc they felt that was the only way their demands good be met was to grant these rights
36. People create \ constitution and they spell out their political, economical, and religious rights

37. Political-equal laws, limit power of monarch, legislative assemble make laws, all male tax payers able to vote
38. Economical-abolish nobility's privileges, no more feudalism, taxes based on income not social class, abolish guilds and unions, compensate nobles for seized land by church
39. Religious-freedom of religion, religious toleration, took over church land that was compensated, placed French Catholic Church under stat's control, bishops priests got salaries no more paid through the taxes of the people
40. Declaration of Rights of Man of the Citizen-like our Dec of Indep displayed rights of people including 1)natural rights 2)rights of life, liberty, and property 3)general will have right to express law 4)arrests must have warrant no more letters de cachet 5)innocent until proven guilty 6)tax based on income 7)freedom of speech, religion, and press
41. Popular Revolution-a revolution where entire society involved including women who joined the revolution in October of 1789
42. Let them eat cake-whether or not Antoinette said that was questioned but peasants thought she did so their view of her was that she was callous-indifferent caring for no one but herself
43. Put king and queen under house arrest bc 1)showed bad situation in France 2)wanted to make sure king and queen didn't call for backup troops so kept eye on them
44. Legislative Assembly-new system of how ppl were broken based on their ideas and beliefs 1)moderates-in the center wanted minor changes 2)liberals-want a little more changes sat to left 3)radicals-wanted extreme changes sat far left 4)conservative-liked status quo, current system sat to right 5)reactionaries-wanted to go back to old tradition sat far right
45. Jacobin-radical group took action to get extreme change
46. Robespierre-part of Jacobin party called incorruptible bc was very determined to reach his goal and nothing in his way could stop him
47. Varennes-city in France where King Louis and Marie caught trying to escape they were arrested and brought back to Paris under house arrest
48. Guillotine-"national razor" was new way of capitol punishment was painless, efficient, and quick killed over 40,000 clergy and nobles who were reactionary and wanted old tradition also king and queen beheaded via guillotine after tried to escape
49. Reign of terror-years 1792-1794 with counter revolutionists who wanted to stop revolution bc didn't want idea to spread to their country to france paranoid and began war
50. French Republic-gvmnt without king that had elected reps- National Convention
51. sans culottes-aristocrats who wore short pants to show they were dfrnt killed traitors
52. Danton-another member of Jacobin who fought foreign enemies and compromised
53. Levee en Masse-draft ppl as soldiers all people with dfrnt roles and jobs in army
54. Nationalism-idea that developed people fought no longer for themselves but country whole
55. Marat-3rd member of Jacobin also in charge of army same person put Antoinette in jail
56. Civil War-conservatives and reactionaries against legalists and radicals who argued policy
57. Vendee-against revolution but they were imprisoned by pro revolutionaries
58. Girondists- reactionary group criticized revolution and wanted Old Order and tradition tried and accused of treason
59. Committee of Public Safety-COPS manage defense system, draft, protect ppl, and the 5 leaders were called Revolutionary Tribunals
60. "Oh liberty, what crimes are committed in your name"- before death Robespierre said this bc ppl went to extreme extents and at any cost in order to be free
61. Directory-new gvmnt established due to inflation, bankruptcy, and, unrest chaos
62. Napoleon Bonaparte-ruthless army captain who was victorious and popular for his military success including in Battle of Toulon and against Royalists where he was victorious; he claimed throne by force- coup de'tat and took pwr from Directory

63. Admiral Horatio Nelson-was invade by Napoleon but he defeated Napoleon, who claimed to people that they indeed won, so Napoleon became national hero
64. Plebiscite-public vote by people on issue Referendum-public vote asked for people's opinion
65. St Domingue, Haiti- city where defeated led to end of dream dream of Napoleon to build empire in Americas forced to sell Louisiana bc needed money
66. Napoleonic Wars-war for decade where Napoleon defeated and conquered many countries like Austria an Prussia in Battle of Austerlitz and put relatives in charge over these countries but never able to conquer England lost sea battle at Battle of Trafalgar
67. Continental System-Napoleon tried to block off trade with England so put blockade at British Isles but England retaliated with blockade of own stopped American ships led War of 1812
68. Shark-nickname for England bc good Navy and sea trade
69. Tiger-nickname for France bc best land Army
70. Peninsular Wars-took place on Iberian Peninsula(Spain and Portugal) who went against Cntntl System and they revolted leading to France eventually pulling out bc guerillas- everyday ppl who were really soldiers dressed in regular clothes surprise attacked
71. Nation of Shopkeepers-nickname for England who were country relied greatly on trade
72. Goya-created painting displaying cruelty and brutality of French against innocent
73. Czar Nicolas I-czar of Russia invaded by Napoleon with over 600,000 but many of them were disloyal and new to army; in invasion russians retreated and forced french into trap where they scorched land to decrease available resources and even burnt down Moscow; winter freezing killed many men and after while only 93,000 remained so French retreated and were attacked on way back by Austrians. Prussians, and other parts of French empire who wanted independence
74. Battle at Leipzig-Germany, Austria, and Prussia given hope by French defeat so they attacked French when they were weak; in March French defeated and Napoleon resigned
75. Elba-Italian city Napoleon exiled to and it was there where he built up final troops last battle
76. Battle at Waterloo-Britain and Duke of Wellington along with Belgium and Germany against France and Napoleon; Prussia came to aide against france and after that France defeated many casualties and this was of Napoleonic Wars, Napoleon's downfall, and end of rule
77. St Helena-Napoleon sent there and he died there and body sent back to France
78. Napoleon as a hero-long term results 1)was a war hero and victorious in battles 2)introduced Civil Code-Napoleonic Code law system applied to men only 3)equal taxation 4)stable economy 5)religious toleration 6)equal opportunity based on skills not born into it 7)lycees- schools set up reformed education 8)Concorde-agreement with pope to please peasants
79. Napoleon as a traitor- short term results 1)tried to abolish freedom of speech and press 2)letters to his police minister, Fouch, to spy on people to make sure followed code 3)was monarch and emperor despite enlightenment where tried to get rid of these titles 4)his many victories tainted by harsh loss and end of rule in Battle of waterloo
80. French people believed he was hero by bringing body back to france and burying him there to show him respect and show his glory and influence remains until today

1. Congress Of Vienna- created plan to restore order and stability in Europe after Napoleons' downfall; negotiators in it included Prince Metternich of Austria, Czar Alexander of Russia, King Frederick of Prussia, and Lord Castlereagh of England who all wanted to: 1)restore balance of power in Europe 2)restore monarchies 3)compensate allies for losses 4)put down and prevent revolutions to occur
2. Congress of Vienna accomplished this by:1)redrew map and countries borders take away land from France 2)France had to pay indemnity payment to compensate other countries losses 3) restored some monarchies 4)Metternich reactionary wanted old tradition so secret police spied on people who disagreed and were imprisoned
3. Agricultural Revolution-farmers need quicker more efficient farming methods so invented:1)Jethro Tull invented seed drilling- plough rough ground and deposit seeds which resulted in more food production leading to increase labor in factories and decrease labor in farming because of this machine
4. Enclosure Movement- big farmers bought out smaller farms and fenced them in also leading to increase jobs in other areas of work such as industry bc lost farming job
5. Crop Rotation-Charles Townsend invented this so nutrients in soil could replenish; this fed more people leading to increase population and decrease in child mortality rate also medication improved as a result (found vaccine for smallpox)
6. Domestic or Cottage System was costly, time consuming, and inefficient so merchants were looking for better processes and innovations
7. Industrial Revolution-introduction of new power driven machinery occurred in England bc: 1)had oversea market to sell products to 2)had NAVY to ship products 3)parliament passed laws to protect businesses 4)had all 3 factors of production land(resources), capital(money), and labor(population)
8. Inventions of Industrial Revolution: 1)Eli Whitney's Cotton Gin-removed seeds from cotton quicker and more efficient freeing up more jobs 2)James Hargreaves's Spinning Jenny-spread fibers into thread or yarn simultaneously but was very thick and hard to spin into cloth 3)Richard Arkwright's Water Frame-spun stronger and thinner thread and easier to spin into cloth 4)Samuel Crompton's Spinning Mule-combined spinning jenny and water frame in one 5)John Kay's Flying Shuttle-doubled speed of job to weave loom causing a lot of unemployment 6)Edmund Cartwright's Power Loom-made weaving even faster than flying shuttle
9. Most factories were water powered so must be next to current or river so with invention of steam engine by James Watt led to inventions such as 1)steamboat 2)practical locomotive 3)telegraph 4)gas automobile by Benz 5)machine gun and dynamite by Nobel; Bessemer Process-production of steel made inventions better
10. Urbanization- with result of agricultural and industrial revolutions people moved to cities to be closer to factories but population very dense in tenements, poor ventilation and sanitation, got diseases like cholera-too close to waste and rickets-deformed bones from lack of Vitamin D; population growth resulted from increase food production so had to support more people in family leading to child labor
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16. Various economists attempted to improve plight or bad condition of workers:
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20. Surplus value of labor-extra profit should go to worker not owner
21. Communist Revolution-could be violent workers unite and overthrow owners leading to Dictatorship of Proletariat-workers have absolute rule of factories and means of production so they will equally share wealth and profit; this will result in classless society and society without a gvnmt bc no more economic struggle of classes
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1. **Elements of Nationalism**-devotion to one's national group a common 1)culture(way of life) 2)history(ancestry) 3)religion 4)language 5)territory
2. **Vatican City**-city in Rome, Italy which remained independent country bc the pope didn't want to let nationalist leaders like **Garribaldi** and **Mazzini** to unite
3. **Otto van Bismarck**-wanted to unite Germany, "blood iron state" but faced obstacles like: 1)feared large neighbor, **Prussia** 2)rivalry between Austria and Prussia 3)religious differences in north (protestant) south(catholic) 4)France opposed German becoming united country
4. **Solutions to Problems**-1)formed **Zollverein** trade union that supplied Germany with resources for war 2)conquered Prussia in **7 weeks war** 3)Germany became ally with Austria fighting against France 4)defeated France in **Franco-Prussian** war
5. Germany annexed **Alsace and Lorraine** from France
6. after Germany and Italy united led to unbalance of power in Europe leading to WWs
7. **Imperialism**- one country dominates another **politically**-government, **economically**-resources, **culturally**-religious
8. **Direct Rule**-foreign officials brought into country to rule no self rule; they impose European culture and based colonies on European styles; France and Germany used Direct Rule; countries that were directly rules were Vietnam and North Africa
9. **Indirect Rule**-local government officials appointed with limited self rule; based on some European styles but mainly local; British preferred indirect rule in India
10. Industrial Revolution made need for resources so imperial countries took colonies to supply with goods like cotton, silk, coal, and **jute**-plant made into rope
11. **Open market**-sell products to colonies after they manufacture the goods
12. **Winston Churchill**-said must increase commerce in colonies to improve their lives and "civilize" them
13. **Cecil Rhodes**- said 1)must acquire new lands bc population growing so need land for people to avoid civil war 2)whites more superior to natives believed in **Social Darwinism and Survival of Fittest** 3)must spread plan of justice, liberty, and peace 4)England is ethnocentric and must spread their honorable race, **Anglo Saxon** 5)soldiers are going with prayer books and weapons to heathen lands to make trade
14. **Jules Perry**-said must spread influence throughout world and get more resources
15. **Heinrich van Treit Schke**-said german must join in colonization bc started late and must compete with other countries
16. **Rudyard Kipling**-in German anthem wrote it was "**white man's burden**" to help civilize natives who are "**half-devil half child**"-barbaric so need to civilize them as if they're children
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1. **Elements of Nationalism**-devotion to one's national group a common 1)culture(way of life) 2)history(ancestry) 3)religion 4)language 5)territory
2. **Vatican City**-city in Rome, Italy which remained independent country bc the pope didn't want to let nationalist leaders like **Garribaldi** and **Mazzini** to unite
3. **Otto van Bismarck**-wanted to unite Germany, "blood iron state" but faced obstacles like: 1)feared large neighbor, **Prussia** 2)rivalry between Austria and Prussia 3)religious differences in north (protestant) south(catholic) 4)France opposed German becoming united country
4. **Solutions to Problems**-1)formed **Zollverein** trade union that supplied Germany with resources for war 2)conquered Prussia in **7 weeks war** 3)Germany became ally with Austria fighting against France 4)defeated France in **Franco-Prussian** war
5. Germany annexed **Alsace and Lorraine** from France
6. after Germany and Italy united led to unbalance of power in Europe leading to WWs
7. **Imperialism**- one country dominates another **politically**-government, **economically**-resources, **culturally**-religious
8. **Direct Rule**-foreign officials brought into country to rule no self rule; they impose European culture and based colonies on European styles; France and Germany used Direct Rule; countries that were directly rules were Vietnam and North Africa
9. **Indirect Rule**-local government officials appointed with limited self rule; based on some European styles but mainly local; British preferred indirect rule in India
10. Industrial Revolution made need for resources so imperial countries took colonies to supply with goods like cotton, silk, coal, and **jute**-plant made into rope
11. **Open market**-sell products to colonies after they manufacture the goods
12. **Winston Churchill**-said must increase commerce in colonies to improve their lives and "civilize" them
13. **Cecil Rhodes**- said 1)must acquire new lands bc population growing so need land for people to avoid civil war 2)whites more superior to natives believed in **Social Darwinism and Survival of Fittest** 3)must spread plan of justice, liberty, and peace 4)England is ethnocentric and must spread their honorable race, **Anglo Saxon** 5)soldiers are going with prayer books and weapons to heathen lands to make trade
14. **Jules Perry**-said must spread influence throughout world and get more resources
15. **Heinrich van Treit Schke**-said german must join in colonization bc started late and must compete with other countries
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1. **Zionism**-coined by **Nathan Birnbaum**; **Zion**=another name for Jerusalem, the center of Jewish culture and religion
2. **Hertzl**-considered to be the person who started the Zionist movement
3. Some Jews like the **Satmar** believed couldn't return to Israel until **redemption**-coming of **Messiah** because of Gemara that states we made 3 promises 1)not to migrate to Israel in large numbers 2)not to cause trouble in exile 3)not to be persecuted or enslaved by non-jews; Satmar believe the promises are **independent**-even if one is broken the other two still stand, but the Zionists believe the promises are **mutual**-if one is broken the other aren't valid
4. **Rabbi Teitelbaum**-believed shouldn't emigrate to Israel have to wait for Messiah
5. **Rabbi Alkali**
 - (a) lived in Sarajevo was a Sephardic Jew
 - (b) wrote Pleasant Path, **דרכי נעים**, said need to establish Jewish colonies in the Holy Land prior to redemption
 - (c) believed in secular action not only religion
 - (d) got nationalistic ideas from French Revolution
 - (e) called for **tithing** of Jews and **מעשר** of secular and religious Jews
 - (f) felt unity among Jews after he witnessed first hand secular Jews saving lives of religious Jews during **Blood Libels**
 - (g) said everything was in place to return to Holy Land only thing missing was people on which the **Divine Presence** will rest on need 22,000 people bc can't rely on **sticks** and **stones** need followers not materialistic figures
6. **Rabbi Zvi Hirsh Kalischer**
 - (a) lived in Prussia was Ashkenazi Jew
 - (b) salvation of Jews will occur through natural means or human actions not miracles
 - (c) must colonize Holy Land through unity and nationalism
 - (d) religious Jews and pious rabbis can make redemption come quicker bc G-d will reward migration to Holy Land with Messiah
 - (e) we control coming of Messiah this concept, **Practical Messianism**, human action can affect or speed up redemption
 - (f) wanted Jews to train in agriculture which led to creation of **Alliance Israelite Universelle** which trained farmers encouraging emigration
 - (g) nationalist push was powered by constant felling of no future in Russia for Jews
 - (h) philanthropist rich Jews sponsored emigration of all Jews, secular or religious
7. **Eliezer Perlman** witnessed **Pan-Slavism** wanted nationalism and unity among Jews
8. **Lovers of Zion** or **חובבי ציון** were Pre Hertzl during 1870s-1880s
 - (a) wanted mass movement of Jews and emigration from Russia to Holy Land
 - (b) wanted to make Jews self sufficient and supporting of themselves
 - (c) believed Jews had religious connection to Holy Land and had right to return
 - (d) Messiah can come by our influence on G-d
 - (e) pious rabbis, Chasidim, and other religious figures such as **בעל שם טוב** and **נציב**
 - (f) opposed bc over-migration of secular Jews and over-reliance on Messiah
9. **Sabtha Sebi**-claimed was Messiah which caused migration to Holy Land but he was arrested and converted to Islam causing skepticism by Jews to believe in Messiah
10. **1889** was שמיטה year;farmers hesitant and opposed migration bc couldn't grow fruit

11. **Rabbi Samuel Mohilever**- knew philanthropist, Baron Edmund de Rothschild known as **נדיב ידוע** provided land (חדרה, ראש פינה, פתח תקוה, זכרון יעקב, ראשון לציון) business (**Carmel Whine**) and financial support
12. **Rav Kook**
 - (a) moved to Jerusalem and believed Zionism was part of Divine Process leading to redemption
 - (b) felt people must grow together even the secular and eventually they'd become holy/spiritual **לחדש את הישן ולקדש את החדש**
 - (c) believed no such thing as **שנאת חינום** only **אהבת חינום**
 - (d) established **מרכז רב** in Jerusalem a yeshiva; he was later 1st chief Israeli rabbi
13. **Mizrachi Movement**-established by **Rabbi Jacob Reines** was short for **מרכז רוחני**
 - (a) idea of Zionism to return to Israel but religious Jews need to participate in migration to Holy Land and stick up for Torah rather than watching from outside
 - (b) believed Zionism and Messiah not connected=**practical movement**
 - (c) motto "**land of Israel for people of Israel according for Torah of Israel**"
14. **Reverend James Parkes**-said title deeds or ownership of Israel belongs to Jews throughout centuries remained faithful and had connection and presence in Israel
15. **Jerusalem, Safed, Tiberius, Hebron**-4 holy cities in Israel old settlements **ישוב ישן**
16. always Jews remaining in 4 holy cities however in Jerusalem other ethnic groups settled there so there's **Jewish, Arab, Armenian, and Christian Quarters**
17. **Tzedakah** was only way to support people in 4 settlements so gave in name of **רמ"א** divided through **חלוקה** system but was never enough to support
18. **Mark Twain**-said land was barren, poor, and desolate bc of **malaria** disease
19. **David Landes**- said Jews discriminated against and were considered 2nd class citizens or **dhimmi** and worked along with Arab peasants, **fellahim**, for owners
20. **First Aliyah**
 - (a) brought Jewish immigrants over 15,000 Jews from Russia called **BILU** stood for **בית יעקב לכו ונלכה** were secular so left out **באור ה** not very religious
 - (b) felt it was the time to get up and take action so left to Holy Land
 - (c) **Chaim Chissin** was resident of Rishon Letzion and his goal was to work land after enough Jews immigrated there
 - (d) **BILU Manifesto**-statement of goals and beliefs of aliyah including 1) Pogroms-violent massacre of Jews in Russia which awakened them to take action 2) want home country (Zion) back 3) were drafted to Russian army to assimilate them and prevent Jewish culture
21. **Pale of Settlements**-regions in Russia where Pogroms occurred
22. **shtetl**-small villages and congregations of Jews in Russia
23. **Palestine**-Roman name given in attempt to erase Jewish history; **Bernard Lewis** said was not a country but a group of provincial subdivisions part of large entity
24. **Moshe Lilienbum**-said Jews should go to Holy Land bc murdered in exile
25. **Leon Pinsker**-felt anti-semitism was an incurable disease; in his *Auto Emancipation* book said must be self reliance and independent in order to be considered nation
26. Jews given right to vote, attend university, elect to parliament, and enter businesses led to emancipation in their exiled country assimilating Jews who hoped could prevent anti semitism

21. **Dreyfus Trial**- man named **Alfred Dreyfus** guilty of treason against France so given death penalty and as walking out people screamed “**Death to Jew**” proving that the assimilation of them into exiled country didn’t prevent anti semitism
22. **Hertzl**-reporter at Dreyfus trial who realized despite emancipation, anti semitism still existed, despite France went through during French Revolution for independence; he was shocked so even though was secular irreligious Jew felt needed Jewish state
23. **Der Judenstat**-book written by Hertzl meant ”Jewish state” gave solution to Jewish problem (anti semitism) 1)need to be “**normalized**” by having all aspects of nation like flag, anthem, country, army, government, and nationalism 2)called for world organization to represent Jews worldwide 3)assimilation was in **vain** bc country still viewed them as **strangers**
24. **WHY HERTZL?**-1)**respected** journalist from Western Europe 2)**credible** 3)well-written and had lucid arguments 4)called for world organization 5) determined and persevered to fight for cause, Jewish state **אִים תְּרַצוּ אִיו זֹ אגדה**
25. **First World Zionist Congress**- gathered Jews around world in **Basle, Switzerland**
26. **Basle Declaration**-1)want Jewish home in Palestine **by law**=in lawful manner with consent of government through **charter**-legal document authorizing state so someone else can’t come in and claim its theirs 2)encouraged agriculture&industry 3)organized institutions and laws 4)designated borders around land 5)encouraged united national Jewish nation
27. the flag and anthem were created at Basle Declaration **התקוה**
28. Hertzl declared on **Sep 3, 1897** would have Jewish state within 50 years and ironic bc 51 years later Israel became country
29. Hertzl established trust fund and bank in Palestine
30. Hertzl met with leaders of countries in search for charter but not granted for Palestine including **Turkish Sultan** who controlled it
31. **Kishniev, Russia**- place where 1st major Pogrom occurred in Russia during 20th century against Jews; **impact**:1)widely covered in newspaper 2)showed situation for Jews getting worse so desperate for state 3)Hertzl more reason for charter for state
32. **Uganda, Africa**-place offered by British as Jewish state and **WZO(World Zionist Organization)** voted whether to accept state; vote was **298-177** to accept country
33. Russians who were traditional refused country bc wanted land of forefathers, Palestine, but Hertzl and secular Zionists accepted bc wanted situation for Jews to improve not concerned on land
34. A year later in **1904** Hertzl died of heart attack and **Uganda Plan** died with him
35. **Zionist Movement** later split into two 1)**Practical** who wanted to make Aliyah without charter and build up Palestine 2)**Political** who wanted recognition of other countries by getting charter for Palestine

1. **Roaring 20s**-time of prosperity in 1920s and wealth however was succeeded by time of sorrow and poverty during the **Great Depression** in the 1930s
2. 3 Ps People were looking for- **Peace, Prosperity, and Progress**
3. **Model T**- car in 1920s made by Ford was more affordable therefore sales went up along with introduction of **assembly line**
4. **Flapper girls**-younger girls in 1920s who were more modern and hip had dresses and makeup
5. **Never Again**-movement following WWI to never have a war again
6. Treaties: 1)**Kellogg Briand Pact**-made war illegal but wasn't heavily enforced 2)**La Carne Treaty**-settle disputes peacefully 3)**Disarmament Conference**-reduce bearing of weapons 4)**League of Nations**-world organization attempt to settle disputes peacefully 5)**Washington Naval Conference**-reduced NAVY reducing war
7. **Isolationism**-militarism still existed among many nations so US decided to remain isolated and not join League of Nations to avoid being tied up with other nations
8. **Black Tuesday**-millions of shares of stock sold by investors in attempt to make profit but flooding of stocks back into market caused decrease and eventually led to crash
9. **Stock Market Crash of 1929**-desperate hard times in US following **bear** market- huge decrease in marker (unlike **bull** market which is increase) creating **domino** effect in US leading to banks to fall over then the **gross national product** decreased and finally world economy enormously impacted
10. **Credit**-people unable to pay back loans causing a huge amount of debt
11. **Soup Lines**-meant to feed poor and provide basic necessities for needy
12. **Smoot Hawley Tax Act**-tariff on imported goods issued to make Americans buy American products not imported goods which would stimulate American economy backfired because other nations put tax on American exports hurting world economy
13. **Joseph Stalin**-pictures of him in Soviet Union intimidating people to obey his rule or else would be signed over to death warrant; he was ruthless and cruel although was also very paranoid
14. "**No Witness no crime**"-executed close friends who helped him rise to power because constantly paranoid would lose that power
15. **Vladimir Lenin**-was predecessor for Stalin but was taken over by Stalin who said need to modernize industry which was primarily agriculture and transform Soviet Union via his **5 Year Plan**-introduction of coal, steel, iron for factories and industry
16. Pro to 5 Year Plan, increased industrial capacity; con to 5 Year Plan, quotas-led to bad quality but all Stalin cared about was quantity and lack of consumer goods
17. **Command economy**- government control regulate and makes all
18. **Collectivization**-farmers give up private farm and work collectively on government run farm; those who resisted like poorer peasant farmers, **kulaks**, were killed
19. **Ukraine bread basket**-confiscated everything and took in cattle cars to Siberia and put in Gulag, labor/prison camp starving people
20. **NKVD or KGB**- secret police take away people against Stalin and killed them
21. **Pravda**-newspaper told "truth" whatever Stalin wanted to print he controlled it

22. **Cult of Personality**-people blindly followed Stalin who was praised and made look good and was looked up to
23. **Russian Orthodox** was banned as the official religion under Stalin was **atheism**
24. Stalin became political and religious head figure because no religion only obey Stalin
25. Learning and Education would break the chains of slavery
26. **Communist Youth Groups**-teaches kids about communism and would indoctrinate or brainwash the kids about communism
27. **Great Purge**-almost all of Stalin's officers executed because Stalin paranoid was threat to his rule and power so were killed
28. **Great Terror**-Stalin attempted to put down any threats to his rule so killed thousands of communist leaders, military officers, and ordinary citizens who plotted against him
29. "**Believe! Obey! Fight!**"-Mussolini had people follow him in Italy and support ideas
30. "**Mussolini Always Right**"-as an absolute ruler he had people believe he was ideal and was perfect
31. "**Minute on battlefield is worth a lifetime of peace**"-he justified war and felt in end peace would be ultimately accomplished despite fighting to get there
32. **Problems for Italy Post WWI**: 1)treaty didn't grant them land 2)returning soldiers need jobs so high unemployment 3)debts to repay after war 4)shortage of foods and supplies led to inflation 5)labor strikes and riots might lead to communism and then **chaos** 6)great fear of communism 7)government weak and politically divided
33. **Mussolini Methodology: Promises, promises, and More Promises**- 1)nationalist ideas would bring back prosperity and glory to Italy 2)would protect businesses from communism and would revive economy 3)give unemployed jobs and peasants land 4)would "**make trains run on time**"-bring back order to Italy
34. **Black Shirts**-secret police intimidated people to follow Mussolini through violence
35. Attracted youth and children because: 1)would be future soldiers 2)easy to persuade
36. Mussolini was **charismatic** speaker to make people feel secure and gave hope
37. **El Duce**-title taken by Mussolini meaning "**the leader**"
38. **1922 March on Rome**- Mussolini convinced king to give up power promising that he will save Italy
39. **Fascism**-extreme nationalism love Italy and hate everything outside of Italy, state was above all; **totalitarian** rule- total control of lives
40. **Militarism** also used to round up noble soldiers because need to expand borders through war and unity; rejected **pacifism**-peace were cowards war is **vital**
41. Pictures show emphasis on Mussolini light him up looking like a G-d; another picture showed how he was friendly and helpful like father, **paternalistic**
42. **Hyper Inflation**-world economy greatly affected including in Germany where prices increased and money depreciated overnight
43. **Treaty of versailles**-one cause of hyper inflation because Germany forced to pay back so much debt they caused in WWI
44. Great Depression and Stock Market Crash in America hurt world economy causing unemployment, hunger, and homeless people around the world
45. **Weimar Republic**-was democracy but suffered so much debt that plagued the government and eventually led to rise of NAZI party and Hitler's rise to power

46. **NAZI**-National socialist party
47. “**Germany, Germany over all over the whole world**”- Hitler extreme nationalist thought **Aryan Race** was “bearer of culture” and “man owes them” because they are superior showed Hitler was also a **racist**
48. Hitler was also obsessed with **anti semitism**, hatred against Jews and blamed them for Germany’s problems
49. Hitler’s Proposal-1)unite all German Aryan race 2)need more land and space need **lebrenstraun** or living space so kill off people to get their land 3)Slavs and Non-Aryans are inferior so will bow down to Germans 4)need 1 leader so Hitler took title **Fuhrer** to rule over and complete Aryan race under united authority
50. Hitler appealed to 1)workers and 2)business people because economic struggles he promised would get out of bad times
51. Hitler promised would: 1)create jobs 2)protect from Communism 3)end reparations 4)rearms Germany 5)get back land lost
52. Hitler legally elected was Germany’s last hope to break chains from Treaty Versailles
53. **Reichstag**-like parliament was taken over by **NAZI** party majority in 1933 wiping out other parties in fire blaming communists for it
54. To achieve his goals Hitler: 1)organized 2)used **SS** and **Gestapo** to enforce his rule on civilians 3)controlled all aspects of German life
55. People supported Hitler and youth organized to fight for people and leader
56. Germans cheered because 1)revived German power 2)ended unemployment
57. To combat depression: 1)built public works including **Autobahn** road creating jobs 2)rearmed military
58. People didn’t object to loss of freedom because had increase standard of living
59. **Great Lie**-spread lie so much that eventually would become as if true and people would believe it so used propaganda to shift human emotions turning backs on Jews
60. **Blood Libels**-cartoon Jew would use child’s bloods this made people hate Jews
61. **Poisonous Mushroom**-Jew was harmful so needed to pluck them out of society were like **Rats** were different and unwanted
62. **Dehumanized** Jews making stick out and be hated once made Jews inhuman then built up hatred so people justified killing of Jews since the Jews were separate
63. Eventually **Jewish Jude Yellow Star**- identified Jews and after dehumanized them separated them and eventually justified killing of Jews was only one step further
64. **Euthanasia**-killed mentally impaired because was like blemish to perfect Aryans
65. Burned and rewrote books in way that supported NAZI movement
66. Children brought up to hate Jews because once put idea in mind at young age eventually hatred would build up and would lead to extermination of all Jews
67. Militarism where countries used children to brainwash children to be soldiers
68. Aircraft carriers perfected by Japanese since island need good airforce
69. **Bushido**-samurai code of honor; helped conquer Manchuria and East China following conquer of Korea for resources
70. **Poster child**-Germany original but Japan could be argued to be too
71. **Forgotten Holocaust**-Japanese massacred 300,000 CHinese in 1930s killing spree during **Rape of Nanking/Raid on CHina**; were **ethnocentric** felt better than natives

72. **Japanese Aggression**-between 1910-1940 Japan quest to control Pacific
73. **Sanctions**-nations don't trade with Italy because invaded Ethiopia
74. **Rhineland**-buffer zone border with France was demilitarized but Hitler brought troops into it and no negative actions taken against Germany
75. **Rome-Berlin-Tokyo** all Axis agree to fight together
76. **Anschluss**-German Austrian Union annex
77. **Policy of Appeasement**-1)French low morale no spirit to fight anymore 2)British no push to fight against Germany 3)British justified German actions bc could argue Treaty of Versailles unjust 4)Great Depression sucked out desire and money 5)**Pacifist Movement** settle peacefully not war; all reasons want give into Germany and demands in order to achieve peace
78. **Sudaton Land**-German living in ring around Germany land given to Germany by British **Neville Chamberlain and Churchill**
79. "**England chose between war and shame, chose shame and will get war**"- England wanted to give into German demand to avoid war but giving in caused war
80. **Nazi-Soviet Non Aggression Pact**-German who were anti Communists nevertheless signed treaty to avoid 2 front war(German reason) to give time to build army up (RUssian reason); both received half of Poland as result
81. **September 1, 1939**-Germany invades Poland beginning WW2 causing England and France to join in war
82. **blitzkrieg**-lightning war unlike trenches now 3 part war, air bombing, heavy artillery, then troops
83. **Spineless**-democratic countries as if spineless didn't take stand
84. England successfully conquer Belgium, Poand, Chech, Denmark, France not Switzerland, Spain, or England
85. **We will never surrender**-Winston Churchill encouraging to continue fighting in land, air, and sea
86. **London Blitz**-blitzkrieg by German on London was put down after muh damage due to new **radar** to warn against planes
87. German unexpected invade Soviet stopped bc of harsh winter causing 2 front war
88. **Anstad Groupen**-German began rounding up Jews killing in line and putting camps
89. US and FDR supplied food and supplies but weren't officially in war
90. **Pearl Harbor**-US naval base attacked by Japanese bombed in WW2
91. **Censure**-League of Nations don't reprimand Japanese suggest remove troops through negotiations not demands or violent show weakness in League NAtions
92. **December 7, 1941**-US ebter war following attack at Pearl Harbor Soviet want to create 2 front was by attacking from east but Allies first take out Italy France and North Africa then focus on Germany upsetting Soviet(reason for Cold War)
93. **Normandy Beach**-Allies attempt to free France on **June 6, 1944 D-Day** German thought would come from **Calais** but came to Normandy by surprise
94. German surrender to Allies following prevention at **Stalingrad**
95. **Island Hopping**- US plan to bypass heavily guarded island until get to Japan
96. **Battle at Iwo Jima/Okinawa**- thousands of troops killed to capture islands bc need base close to Japan to launch air attacks and bombs

97. US knew if sent troops to Japan millions of people would die so used **Abomb**-new weapon created in **Manhattan Project** by **Los Alamos and RObert Oliminter** despite killing civilians couldn't risk more American soldiers
98. **Harry Truman** dropped 2 bombs **Little Boy and Fat Man** on **Hiroshima** and **Nagasaki** killing 140,000 combined Japanese
99. **Emperor Hirohito**-considered like G-d surrendered bc couldn't risk more civilians
100. 9 American pilots captured and killed 1 survived, **George HW Bush**(unfortunately)
101. Japanese so stubborn no matter how many bombs dropped would surrender so forced to use ABOMB
102. **3 options for America**:1)**military**-wanted Russia to join against Japan in 2 front war but refused to broke Japanese code giving advantage 2)**political**-peaceful diplomatic talks 3)**bomb**-use of ABOMB killing thousands from blast and radiation
103. **WWII Results**:
- 1.1. **death** and **destruction** about 22 million military related killed and 28 million civilian in bombings, concentration camps, and other war related deaths
 - 1.2. **US** and **USSR** only remaining world superpowers industrially and militarily this competition led to COLD War
 - 1.3. **Nuremberg Trials**-NAZIs tried on crimes against humanity and to wage aggressive war in order to expose bad side of Germans and give fair trial; defendants claimed only following orders but evidence showed **direct intent**; verdict:even in wartime must disobey unethical orders so some killed or jailed
 - 1.4. **Nuclear age**-ABOMB began age of nuclear war tactics let secret out of box
 - 1.5. **national independence**-movements nationalism for freedoms so mother country can't put down any revolts and colonies want independence because fought for mother country
 - 1.6. **creation** of **UN**-built for peace, human rights, justice, social progress only real successful in social progress giving supplies and technology; **general assembly**-every country represented and has vote on issues around globe; **security council**-15 members 5 permanent 10 rotate 5 permanent ones are US, France, England, China, and Russia need 9/15 to get passed but if one of 5 veto the issue is rejected;security council has power to:1)recommend sanctions forbidding or prohibiting 2)use military force 3)condemn a country 4)maintain peace
104. **Examples of Social Progress**-FAO,UNESCO,UNICEF helping refugees giving food supplies and shelter also WHO, WORLD BANK,IMF deal with disease and help poor countries